

Grading Scale

The HCRHS grading scale is a modified ten-point scale that uses pluses and minuses and increases the grade point weight for Honors courses and Advanced Placement courses.

<u>Grade Equivalent</u>	<u>Numeric</u>	<u>GPA</u>	<u>WGPA-HNS</u>	<u>WGPA-AP</u>
A+	(97-100)	4.0	4.5	5.0
A	(93-96)	4.0	4.5	5.0
A-	(90-92)	3.7	4.2	4.7
B+	(87-89)	3.3	3.8	4.3
B	(83-86)	3.0	3.5	4.0
B-	(80-82)	2.7	3.2	3.7
C+	(77-79)	2.3	2.8	3.3
C	(73-76)	2.0	2.5	3.0
C-	(70-72)	1.7	2.2	2.7
D+	(67-69)	1.3	1.8	2.3
D	(65-66)	1.0	1.5	2.0
F	(below 65)	0.0	0.0	0.0
LC	Loss of Credit (Attendance)	0.0	0.0	0.0
I	Incomplete	0.0	0.0	0.0
WP	Withdrawn Passing			
WF	Withdrawn Failing			

When calculating GPA, first multiply the credit value of the course times the grade point value of the grade received in the course. For example:

Grade of A (4.0) x 5 credits for course1 = 20 grade points
 Grade of C+ (2.3) x 2.5 credits for course2 = 5.75 grade points

The GPA is then calculated as follows:

Sum of all (grade point values x credits) divided by the sum of credits for all courses graded = GPA

Example: you receive a B- in course 1 (5 credits), an A- in course 2 (2.5 credits) and a B+ in course 3 (1.25 credits): To derive the numerator, multiply the grade point value for each course by the credits for that course and add the results for all courses. To derive the denominator, sum the credits for all courses graded A+ through F.

$$\frac{(2.7 \times 5) + (3.7 \times 2.5) + (3.3 \times 1.25)}{5 + 2.5 + 1.25} = \frac{13.5 + 9.25 + 4.125}{8.75} = \frac{26.875}{8.75} = 3.07 \text{ G.P.A}$$

The same method is used for calculating WGPA and GPA. For HNS courses, grade point equivalents increase 0.5. For AP courses, grade point equivalents increase 1.0.

It is important to note that a 'P' carries 0.0 grade points, and it is not calculated in the GPA.