



1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Change Up™ Selective Herbicide

EPA Reg. No.: 228-445

Product Type: Herbicide

Company Name: Nufarm Americas Inc.
11901 S. Austin Avenue
Alsip, IL 60803
1-800-345-3330

Telephone Numbers: For Chemical Emergency, Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident,
Call CHEMTREC Day or Night: 1-800-424-9300
For Medical Emergencies Only, Call 1-877-325-1840

This product is an EPA FIFRA registered pesticide. Some classifications on this SDS are not the same as the FIFRA label. Certain sections of this SDS are superseded by federal law governed by EPA for a registered pesticide. Please see Section 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION for explanation.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

Not hazardous

HEALTH HAZARDS:

Acute Toxicity Oral	Category 4
Aspiration Hazard	Category 1
Eye Irritation	Category 2A
Skin Irritation	Category 2

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

Not hazardous

SIGNAL WORD:

DANGER

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation.



PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product. Wear protective gloves and eye protection.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice. Take off clothing and wash before reuse.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice.

Dispose of contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMPONENT	CAS NO.	% BY WEIGHT
Dimethylamine Salt of 2-Methyl-4-Chlorophenoxyacetic Acid (MCPA DMA Salt)	2039-46-5	49.5 – 52.6
1-Methylheptyl Ester of Fluroxypyr	81406-37-3	5.7 – 6.3
Dicamba Acid (3,6-Dichloro-o-Anisic Acid)	1918-00-9	4.0 – 4.5
Heavy Aromatic Solvent Naphtha	64742-94-5	6.0 – 6.6
Other Ingredients	Trade Secret	Trade Secret

Synonyms: Mixture of MCPA, Fluroxypyr and Dicamba

Ingredients not precisely identified are proprietary or non-hazardous. Values are not product specifications.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If in Eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water. Remove contact lenses, if present, then continue rinsing eye. Get immediate medical attention.

If Swallowed: DO NOT induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

If Inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If symptoms develop, get medical advice.

If on Skin or Clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water. If irritation or rash occurs, get medical advice.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed: Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. Harmful if swallowed. Aspiration hazard – may be fatal if swallowed and enter airways.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary: Get immediate medical attention for ingestion.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Recommended for large fires: foam or water spray. Recommended for small fires: dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Firefighters should wear NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full fire-fighting turn out gear. Dike area to prevent runoff and contamination of water sources. Dispose of fire control water later.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: If water is used to fight fire, contain runoff, using dikes to prevent contamination of water supplies. Dispose of fire control water later.

Hazardous Decomposition Materials (Under Fire Conditions): May produce gases such as hydrogen chloride and oxides of carbon and nitrogen.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions: Wear appropriate protective gear for the situation. See Personal Protection information in Section 8.

Environmental Precautions: Prevent material from entering public sewer systems or any waterways. Do not flush to drain. Large spills to soil or similar surfaces may necessitate removal of topsoil. The affected area should be removed and placed in an appropriate container for disposal.

Methods for Containment: Dike spill using absorbent or impervious materials such as earth, sand or clay. Collect and contain contaminated absorbent and dike material for disposal.

Methods for Clean-Up and Disposal: Pump any free liquid into an appropriate closed container. Collect washings for disposal. Decontaminate tools and equipment following cleanup. See Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS for more information.

Other Information: Large spills may be reportable to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to state and/or local agencies.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING:

Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Users should wash hands, face, and arms with soap and water before eating, smoking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets

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Change Up™ Selective Herbicide

inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

STORAGE:

Always use original container to store pesticides in a secured warehouse or storage building. Protect from freezing. Store at temperatures above 25° F. Protect product from freezing. If allowed to freeze, remix before using. This does not alter the product. Containers should be opened in well-ventilated areas. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Do not stack cardboard cases more than two pallets high. Do not store near open containers of fertilizer, seed or other pesticides. Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls:

Where engineering controls are indicated by specific use conditions or a potential for excessive exposure, use local exhaust ventilation at the point of generation.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Eye/Face Protection: To avoid contact with eyes, wear face shield, goggles or safety glasses. An emergency eyewash or water supply should be readily accessible to the work area.

Skin Protection: To avoid contact with skin, wear long pants, long-sleeved shirt, and shoes plus socks. When mixing, loading or using any hand-held equipment, wear chemical-resistant gloves. An emergency shower or water supply should be readily accessible to the work area.

Respiratory Protection: Not normally required. If vapors or mists exceed acceptable levels, wear NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator with cartridges/canisters approved for use against pesticides.

General Hygiene Considerations: Personal hygiene is an important work practice exposure control measure and the following general measures should be taken when working with or handling this material: 1) Do not store, use and/or consume foods, beverages, tobacco products, or cosmetics in areas where this material is stored. 2) Wash hands and face carefully before eating, drinking, using tobacco, applying cosmetics or using the toilet.

Exposure Guidelines:

Component	OSHA		ACGIH		Unit
	TWA	STEL	TWA	STEL	
Dimethylamine Salt MCPA	NE	NE	NE	NE	
Fluroxypyr	NE	NE	NE	NE	
Dicamba	NE	NE	NE	NE	
Heavy Aromatic Solvent Naphtha	NE	NE	NE	NE	
Other Ingredients	NE	NE	NE	NE	

NE = Not Established

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:	Amber liquid
Odor:	Mild amine, ester odor
Odor threshold:	No data available
pH:	9.5
Melting point/freezing point:	No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	No data available
Flash point:	>230° F (>110° C) Setflash
Evaporation rate:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas):	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	No data available
Vapor pressure:	No data available
Vapor density:	No data available
Relative density:	1.151 @ 25° C
Solubility(ies):	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	No data available
Autoignition temperature:	No data available
Decomposition temperature:	No data available

Viscosity: 108.4 cPs @ 25° C

Note: Physical data are typical values, but may vary from sample to sample. A typical value should not be construed as a guaranteed analysis or as a specification.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not reactive.

Chemical Stability: This material is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Excessive heat. Do not store near heat or flame.

Incompatible Materials: Strong oxidizing agents: bases and acids.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Under fire conditions may produce gases such as hydrogen chloride and oxides of carbon and nitrogen.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Likely Routes of Exposure: Inhalation, eye and skin contact.

Symptoms of Exposure:

Eye Contact: Causes serious eye irritation. Vapors and mists can cause irritation.

Skin Contact: Irritating based on toxicity studies.

Ingestion: Harmful if ingested. May cause nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, weakness of arms and/or legs, dizziness, loss of coordination. The petroleum hydrocarbon component, if aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild or severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.

Inhalation: May cause upper respiratory tract irritation, coughing, wheezing, nausea, headache, depression. Overexposure to petroleum hydrocarbon component may cause irritation to respiratory tract, headaches, anesthesia, drowsiness, unconsciousness and other central nervous system effects, possibly including death.

Delayed, immediate and chronic effects of exposure: None reported.

Toxicological Data:

Data from laboratory studies conducted on a similar, but not identical, formulation:

Oral: Rat LD₅₀: 1,750 mg/kg (female)

Dermal: Rat LD₅₀: >2,000 mg/kg

Inhalation: Rat 4-hr LC₅₀: >2.03 mg/L (no mortalities at highest dose tested)

Eye Irritation: Rabbit: Severely irritating

Skin Irritation: Rabbit: Moderately irritating

Skin Sensitization: Not a contact sensitizer in guinea pigs following repeated skin exposure.

Subchronic (Target Organ) Effects: Repeated overexposure may cause effects to liver, kidneys, blood chemistry, testes and gross motor function. Rare cases of peripheral nerve damage have been reported, but extensive animal studies have failed to substantiate these observations, even at high doses for prolonged periods.

Carcinogenicity / Chronic Health Effects: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) lists exposure to chlorophenoxy herbicides as a class 2B carcinogen, the category for limited evidence for carcinogenicity in humans. However, newer rat and mouse lifetime feeding studies did not show carcinogenic potential for MCPA. Fluroxypyr did not cause cancer in laboratory animals. The U.S. EPA has given dicamba a Class D classification (not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity). The hydrocarbon component may contain naphthalene, which is listed by IARC as a class 2B and the U.S. National Toxicology Program as reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive Toxicity: Testicular effects and lower male fertility have been noted in animal studies for MCPA. In animal studies, fluroxypyr has been shown not to interfere with reproduction. Dicamba did not interfere with fertility in reproduction studies in laboratory animals.

Developmental Toxicity: MCPA studies in laboratory animals have shown decreased fetal body weights and delayed development in the offspring at doses toxic to mother animals. Fluroxypyr did not cause birth defects in animals; other effects were seen in the fetus only at doses which caused toxic effects in the mother. Animal tests with dicamba have not demonstrated developmental effects.

Genotoxicity: There have been some positive and some negative studies, but the weight of evidence is that MCPA is not mutagenic. Animal tests with fluroxypyr and dicamba did not demonstrate mutagenic effects.

Assessment Carcinogenicity:

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This product contains substances that are considered to be probable or suspected human carcinogens as follows:

Component	Regulatory Agency Listing As Carcinogen			
	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Chlorophenoxy Herbicides (MCPA)	No	2B	No	No
Fluroxypyr methylheptyl ester	No	No	No	No
Dicamba	No	No	No	No

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Data on MCPA Dimethylamine Salt:

96-hour LC ₅₀ Bluegill:	>164 mg/l	Bobwhite Quail Oral LD ₅₀ :	478 mg/kg
96-hour LC ₅₀ Rainbow Trout:	119 mg/l	Mallard Duck 8 day Dietary LC ₅₀ :	>5,620 ppm
48 hour EC ₅₀ Daphnia:	100 mg/l		

Data on Fluroxypyr 1-Methylheptyl Ester*:

Acute LC ₅₀ Blue Gill: above water solubility	Bobwhite Quail Acute Oral LD ₅₀ :	>2,000 mg/kg
Acute LC ₅₀ Rainbow Trout: above water solubility	Mallard Duck Acute Oral LC ₅₀ :	>2,000 mg/kg
Acute Immobilization EC 50 Daphnia Magna:	>499 µg/L	

*Fluroxypyr 1-Methylheptyl Ester is highly insoluble in water.

Data on Dicamba:

96-hour LC ₅₀ Bluegill:	135 mg/l	Bobwhite Quail 8 day Dietary LC ₅₀ :	>10,000 ppm
96-hour LC ₅₀ Rainbow Trout:	135 mg/l	Mallard Duck 8 day Dietary LC ₅₀ :	>10,000 ppm
48 hour EC ₅₀ Daphnia:	110 mg/l		

Environmental Fate:

MCPA dimethylamine salt rapidly dissociates to parent MCPA acid in the environment. In soil, MCPA is microbially degraded with a typical half-life of approximately 10 to 14 days. Fluroxypyr has a hydrolysis half-life of 12.8 to 16.5 hours. Under aerobic and anaerobic soil conditions the half-life for Fluroxypyr is 7 days. Dicamba has low bioaccumulation potential, is not persistent in soil, is highly mobile in soil and degrades rapidly.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method:

Pesticide wastes are toxic. If container is damaged or if pesticide has leaked, contain all spillage. Absorb and clean up all spilled material with granules or sand. Place in a closed, labeled container for proper disposal. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixtures, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Handling and Disposal:

Nonrefillable Containers 5 Gallons or Less: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Nonrefillable Containers Larger than 5 Gallons: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and

continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

Refillable Container Larger than 5 Gallons: Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water and, if possible, spray all sides while adding water. If practical, agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Follow the precautions indicated in Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE of this SDS.

DOT:

< 2,500 gallons per complete package

Non Regulated

≥ 2,500 gallons per complete package

UN 3082, Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s., (Dicamba), 9, III, RQ

IMDG:

Non Regulated

IATA:

Non Regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPA FIFRA INFORMATION

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets (SDS), and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. The hazard information required on the pesticide label is reproduced below. The pesticide label also includes other important information, including directions for use.

WARNING. Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS

TSCA Inventory: This product is exempted from TSCA because it is solely for FIFRA regulated use.

SARA Hazard Notification/Reporting:

Hazard Categories Under Criteria of SARA Title III Rules (40 CFR Part 370.66):

Immediate and Delayed

Section 313 Toxic Chemical(s):

Dicamba (CAS No. 1918-00-9), 4.0 – 4.5% by weight in product

Reportable Quantity (RQ) under U.S. CERCLA:

Dicamba (CAS No. 1918-00-9) 1,000 pounds

RCRA Waste Code:

Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the product user to determine at the time of disposal, whether a material containing the product or derived from the product should be classified as a hazardous waste.

State Information:

Other state regulations may apply. Check individual state requirements.

California Proposition 65: Not listed.

16. OTHER INFORMATION**National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Hazard Rating:****Rating for this product: Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0**

Hazards Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) serves different purposes than and DOES NOT REPLACE OR MODIFY THE EPA-ACCEPTED PRODUCT LABELING (attached to and accompanying the product container). This SDS provides important health, safety and environmental information for employers, employees, emergency responders and others handling large quantities of the product in activities generally other than product use, while the labeling provides that information specifically for product use in the ordinary course.

Use, storage and disposal of pesticide products are regulated by the EPA under the authority of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) through the product labeling, and all necessary and appropriate precautionary, use, storage, and disposal information is set forth on that labeling. It is a violation of Federal law to use a pesticide product in any manner not prescribed on the EPA-accepted label.

Although the information and recommendations set forth herein (hereinafter "Information") are presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date hereof, Nufarm Americas Inc. makes no representations as to the completeness or accuracy thereof. Information is supplied upon the condition that the persons receiving same will make their own determination as to its suitability for their purposes prior to use. In no event will Nufarm Americas Inc. be responsible for damages of any nature whatsoever resulting from the use of or reliance upon Information. NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OF ANY OTHER NATURE ARE MADE HEREUNDER WITH RESPECT TO INFORMATION OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH INFORMATION REFERS AND ALL SUCH WARRANTIES ARE HEREBY SPECIFICALLY DISCLAIMED.

Date of Issue: April 11, 2015**Supersedes:** October 31, 2014

Change-Up is a trademark of Nufarm Americas Inc.



STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

A Memo from the New Jersey Department of Education

Date: October 23, 2018
To: Chief School Administrators, Charter School and Renaissance School Project Leads
Route To: Principals, School Safety Specialists, Facility Directors
From: Ben Castillo, Director
Office of School Preparedness and Emergency Planning

Using Schools as Shelters During a Crisis – Training Opportunity

The New Jersey School Safety Specialist Academy is announcing a training opportunity, “Using Schools as Shelters During a Crisis.”

Public schools are a focal point and safe place in local communities. During a local or statewide crisis, schools may be called upon to provide short-term sheltering for displaced residents. There are many considerations when using a school as a shelter. Participants will learn how a school may serve as a shelter, the elements required to be a shelter, the preparation required prior to sheltering, and the steps necessary to help restore school operations after the shelter closes.

This half-day session is being hosted by the New Jersey Department of Education’s Office of School Preparedness and Emergency Planning, in partnership with the New Jersey Department of Human Services (DHS) Office of Emergency Management, New Jersey Department of Children and Families (DCF) Office of Emergency Management (OEM), and the New Jersey State Police Office of Emergency Management/Preparedness Bureau.

Audience: This training is appropriate for superintendents, school safety specialists, principals, directors of building and grounds, township managers, police, fire, EMS, first responders, local OEM personnel, etc.

Registration: The training is being offered regionally throughout New Jersey, on Mondays in December. Please register online for one of the following sessions:

- December 3 - Morris County Public Safety Academy, Morristown
- December 10 - Middlesex County Fire Academy, Sayreville
- December 17 - Southern Regional Institute and ETTC, at Stockton University, Galloway

Note: School Safety Specialists attending this training will receive credit toward their annual training requirements.

Contact Information: Questions regarding the training can be directed to the Office of School Preparedness and Emergency Planning at school.security@doe.nj.gov or (609) 422-7153.

c: Members, State Board of Education
Lamont O. Repollet, Ed.D., Commissioner of Education
NJDOE Staff
Statewide Parent Advocacy Network
Garden State Coalition of Schools
NJ LEE Group

1. Identification

Product identifier 19-00-05
 Other means of identification
 Product code
 Synonyms NONE
 Recommended use Agricultural
 Recommended restrictions Use in accordance with supplier's recommendations.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer/Supplier KIRBY AGRI, INC.
 PO BOX 6277
 LANCASTER, PA. 17601
 US.
customerservice@kirby-agri.com
 1.800.745-7524

Emergency For Chemical Emergency
 Call CHEMTREC day or night
 USA/Canada - 1.800.424.9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.
 Health hazards Not classified.
 OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements

Hazard symbol None.
 Signal word None.
 Hazard statement The mixture does not meet the criteria for classification.
 Precautionary statement
 Prevention Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
 Response Wash hands after handling.
 Storage Store away from incompatible materials.
 Disposal Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>TLV/TWA</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>% (by wt)</u>
Urea	10 mg/m ³ (dust) 5 mg/m ³ (resp)	57-13-6	0-98
Potassium Chloride	10 mg/m ³	7447-40-7	0-95
Limestone	20 mg/m ³		

Composition comments All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

This Safety Data Sheet is not a guarantee of product specification or NPK value(s). NPK content is on specified sales orders, customer invoices, or product specification sheets obtained from supplier.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Skin contact Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Eye contact: Symptoms can include irritation, redness, scratching of the cornea, and tearing.
Skin contact: Mild skin irritation.
Dust may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Treat symptomatically.

General information Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Water fog. Water spray. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical Irritating and toxic gases or fumes may be released during a fire.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing should be worn when fighting chemical fires. Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards Bulk material is non-combustible. Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear suitable protective clothing. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust formation. Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. If sweeping of a contaminated area is necessary use a dust suppressant agent which does not react with the product. After removal flush contaminated area thoroughly with water.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use.

Environmental precautions Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water. Do not allow to enter drains, sewers or watercourses.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling Keep away from all ignition sources including heat, sparks and flame. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces. Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Use only with adequate ventilation. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Keep container tightly closed. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Dust (CAS -)	PEL	5 mg/m ³ 15 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction. Total dust.

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Dust (CAS -)	TWA	5 mg/m ³ 15 mg/m ³ 50 mppcf 15 mppcf	Respirable fraction. Total dust. Total dust. Respirable fraction.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Dust (CAS -)	TWA	3 mg/m ³ 10 mg/m ³	Respirable particles. Inhalable particles.

Biological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).
Exposure guidelines	Follow standard monitoring procedures.
Appropriate engineering controls	It is recommended that all dust control equipment such as local exhaust ventilation and material transport systems involved in handling of this product contain explosion relief vents or an explosion suppression system or an oxygen-deficient environment. Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment). Use only appropriately classified electrical equipment and powered industrial trucks. Provide adequate ventilation. Observe occupational exposure limits and minimize the risk of exposure. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment	
Eye/face protection	Wear approved chemical safety goggles. Wear a full-face respirator, if needed.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Wear protective gloves. Be aware that the liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent change is advisable. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.
Other	Normal work clothing (long sleeved shirts and long pants) is recommended.
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Wear air supplied respiratory protection if exposure concentrations are unknown. In case of inadequate ventilation or risk of inhalation of dust, use suitable respiratory equipment with particle filter.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Varies.
Physical state	Solid.
Form	Powder and granular.
Color	Varies.
Odor	Not available.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	Not available.

Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Chemical family	Varies

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Chemical stability	The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Stable under normal temperature conditions. Hazardous reactions do not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Heat. Extreme temperatures.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Acids. Alkalis.
Hazardous decomposition products	Ammonia. Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Dust may irritate respiratory system.
Skin contact	May cause irritation through mechanical abrasion.
Eye contact	Dust may irritate the eyes.
Ingestion	Ingestion may cause irritation and malaise.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Eye contact: Symptoms can include irritation, redness, scratching of the cornea, and tearing. Skin contact: Mild skin irritation. Dust may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing.
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Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Not expected to be acutely toxic.
Skin corrosion/irritation	May cause irritation through mechanical abrasion.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	May cause irritation through mechanical abrasion.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	
Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitization	Not a skin sensitizer.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA. Not classified.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Inhalation of dusts may cause respiratory irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Aspiration hazard	Not applicable.
Chronic effects	Frequent inhalation of dust over a long period of time increases the risk of developing lung diseases. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Further information	No other specific acute or chronic health impact noted.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.
Bioaccumulative potential	Not expected to bioconcentrate or bioaccumulate.
Mobility in soil	This product is water soluble and may disperse in soil.
Other adverse effects	No data available.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Disposal recommendations are based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is not hazardous according to OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200.
All components are listed on or exempt from the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Immediate Hazard - No
Delayed Hazard - No
Fire Hazard - No
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)
Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

US state regulations This product does not contain a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Not regulated.

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Not listed.

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Not listed.

US. Rhode Island RTK

Not regulated.

US. California Proposition 65

Not Listed.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	01-June-2015
Revision date	-
Version #	01
Further information	HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA.
HMIS® ratings	Health: 1 Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings



List of abbreviations

LD50: Lethal Dose, 50%.
LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50%.

References

NLM: Hazardous Substances Data Base
HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens
ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices

Disclaimer

NOTICE: The information presented herein is based on data considered to be accurate as of the date of preparation of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and was prepared pursuant to Government regulation(s) that identify specific types of information to be provided. This SDS may not be used as a commercial specification sheet of manufacturer or seller, and no warranty or representation, expressed or implied, is made as to the accuracy or comprehensiveness of the foregoing data and safety information, nor is any authorization given or implied to practice any patented invention without a license. Additional information may be needed to evaluate other uses of the product, including use of the product in combination with any materials or in any processes other than those specifically referenced. Information provided herein with respect to any hazards that may be associated with the product is not meant to suggest that use of the product in a given application will necessarily result in any exposure or risk to workers or the general public. No responsibility can be assumed by vendor for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use, from any failure to adhere to recommended practices, or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the product. Purchasers and users assume all risk of use, storage and handling of the product in compliance with applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations. Purchasers and users of the product specifically should advise all of their employees, agents, contractors and customers who will use the product of this (M)SDS.